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江苏省市监局：严禁串通涨价、限制产量、分割市场等违法行为

2020年2月11日，江苏省市场监督管理局（“江苏省市监局”）发布关于新冠肺炎疫情防控期间加强价格自律的公开信，号召经营者、各行业协会自觉遵守价格法律法规，规范自身价格行为。在公开信中，江苏省市监局提醒经营者不得相互串通，操纵市场价格，不得限制生产销售数量，分割市场，损害其他经营者或者消费者的合法权益。（[查看更多](#)）

Jiangsu AMR: Collusion, Output Restriction and Market Allocation Strictly Prohibited

On 11 February 2020, the Jiangsu Administration for Market Regulation (“Jiangsu AMR”) released a public letter and called on companies and associations to comply with relevant price laws and regulate their own behaviors during the control and prevention of the 2019-nCoV coronavirus outbreak. In the public letter, Jiangsu AMR emphasized that collusion, price manipulation, output restriction, market segmentation and other behaviors that would harm other companies or consumers’ interests are strictly prohibited. ([More](#))

海外动态 Overseas News

美国上诉法院二审开庭审理FTC诉高通垄断案

2020年2月13日，据路透社报道，美国联邦第九巡回上诉法院当天二审开庭审理了美国联邦贸易委员会（Federal Trade Commission, “FTC”）诉高通垄断案。此前，美国加州北区地方法院法官高兰惠（Lucy Koh）曾于2019年5月就此案作出一审判决，认定高通垄断行为成立，FTC胜诉。据悉，二审判决可能将于数月或一年多以后作出。（[查看更多](#)）

FTC Antitrust Victory on Qualcomm Questioned by Appeals Court

On 13 February 2020, *Reuters* reported that the U.S. 9th Circuit Court of Appeals heard oral arguments in a closely watched case that the Federal Trade Commission (“FTC”) brought against Qualcomm in early 2017. The company was fighting a May 2019 decision by U.S. District Judge Lucy Koh who sided with antitrust regulators. A decision in the appeal could take anywhere from several months to more than a year. ([More](#))

欧盟普通法院开庭审理谷歌不服欧盟24.2亿欧元反垄断罚单一案

2020年2月12日，据路透社报道，欧盟普通法院拟于当日开始为期三天的就谷歌不服欧盟委员会24.2亿欧元比较购物服务垄断案反垄断罚单提起的行政诉讼一案的庭审。谷歌在一份声明中表示，欧盟委员会的处罚决定在法律、事实和经济上都是错误的。据悉，该案判决结果可能于明年作出。过去几年，欧盟委员会已对谷歌开出三张反垄断罚单，罚款共计82.5亿欧元。（[查看更多](#)）

Google Takes on EU in Court Over Record Antitrust Fines

On 12 February 2020, *Reuters* reported that Europe's second-highest court, the General Court, had begun a three-day hearing on a landmark case in relation to Google. Google sought to overturn EUR 2.4bn fine handed out by the European Commission ("EC") during the hearing. The EC said this penalty was for Google's favoring its own price comparison shopping service to the disadvantage of smaller European rivals. Google said in a statement that the decision was wrong on the law, the facts, and the economics. In recent years, the EC has fined Google a total of EUR 8.25bn in three separate cases. ([More](#))

FTC要求5大科技巨头提交过去10年收购交易相关情况

2020年2月11日，FTC宣布，其已向谷歌、苹果、Facebook、亚马逊、微软等5大科技巨头发出特别命令（Special Orders），要求提供过去十年（2010年1月1日至2019年12月31日）内完成且未向反垄断执法机构申报的并购交易的条款、范围、结构和目的的相关信息及文件。根据美国相关法律规定，FTC有权开展没有特定执法目的的广泛研究。（[查看更多](#)）

FTC to Examine Past Acquisitions by Large Technology Companies

On 11 February 2020, the FTC announced that it had issued Special Orders to five large technology firms, requiring them to provide information about prior acquisitions not reported to the antitrust agencies under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act. The orders require Alphabet Inc. (including Google), Amazon.com, Inc., Apple Inc., Facebook, Inc., and Microsoft Corp. to provide information and documents on the terms, scope, structure, and purpose of transactions that each company consummated between January 1, 2010 and December 31, 2019. The FTC issued these orders under Section 6(b) of the FTC Act, which authorizes the FTC to conduct wide-ranging studies that do not have a specific law enforcement purpose. ([More](#))

特朗普预算案提议为司法部反垄断部门增加71%财政拨款

2020年2月10日，据*Politico*报道，美国总统特朗普当天向国会提交了2021财年（2020年10月1日至2021年9月30日）的预算提案，其中，要求为司法部（Department of Justice, "DOJ"）反垄断部门拨款5300万美元，较上一财年（3100万美元）提高了71%。据悉，拟议预算的提高主要是出于DOJ当前对技术市场进行反垄断调查的需求。DOJ官员表示，根据拟议的预算，反垄断部门的人员编制将增加87人，至782人。（[查看更多](#)）

DOJ Seeks 71% Bump from Congress for Antitrust

On 10 February 2020, *Politico* reported that the Trump administration was asking Congress for 71% more money for the Justice Department ("DOJ")'s antitrust division in the fiscal year that starts October 1, 2020. The DOJ's fiscal 2021 budget proposal seeks USD 53m in appropriations for the antitrust division, up from USD 31m this fiscal year. The proposed increase comes as the DOJ is conducting an inquiry into technology markets. The DOJ's officials said the antitrust division's authorized staffing would jump by 87 positions to 782 under the proposed budget. ([More](#))

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